NKOD, NKODH Relay terminal module

NKODH with manual switch. Suitable module carriers: NTOM, NTOMS, NTIO(S).





NKOD

NKODH

Technical data

DC supply voltage	Extra low voltage (SELV-E) from terminal module carrier
Nominal voltage	DC 15 V, ±10 %
Current consumption	Max. 10 mA
AC supply voltage Nominal voltage	Extra low voltage (SELV-E) from terminal module carrier AC 24 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption	Max. 0.75 VA
Signal input Range Input impedance	From RS card module DC 0 10 V $100 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
Signal output Contact rating	Relay contact 1) Max. AC 250 V Max. 6 A resistive Max. 2 A inductive (cosφ≥ 0,4) Min. admissible load: 1 mA at DC 1 V 2)
Voltage against earth	Max. 250 V
Connections Plug-in connections	Plugs directly into terminal module carrier
Weight excluding packaging	0.045 kg
Dimensions (W x H x D) NKOD NKODH	24 x 68 x 50 mm 24 x 68 x 58 mm
Mounting	Plugged into terminal module carrier
Safety	
Product safety – Contamination level – Overvoltage category – Insulation Electrical safety	EN 61010-1 2 II Input – output double insulated SELV-E (PELV to IEC 364-4-41)
General ambient conditions Usage Temperature range - Operation - Storage Ambient humidity	Installed in control panel 5 45 °C –25 70 °C 10 90 %rh, non-condensing
Conformity	This product meets the requirements for C € marking

- The relay contacts are made of AgCdO or AgNi, with a 5 μm hard-gold plating. This type of contact is suitable for switching both low level signals (>1 mA/>1 V) and large loads (see maximum load data).
- 2) Applies to contact in new condition.

Caution

Relays which have been used for large loads must not subsequently be used for low level signal switching.

Caution

If higher voltages than extra low voltage are connected via the NKOD(H) terminal module, the coding pins supplied must be inserted into the corresponding carrier slots on the terminal module carrier.

Terminal modules

Note

When the NKOD or NKODH is used to switch inductive loads (e.g. contactor coils), suitable suppression may be necessary.

Brief description

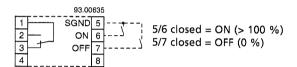
The DC $0\ldots 10~V$ from the RS card module is electrically isolated in the NKOD or NKODH and switches the relay on and off to control the peripheral devices:

- Signal ≤ DC 1 V Off
- Signal ≥ DC 2.4 V On

A power-on delay prevents the relay from energising for the first five seconds after the DC 15 V supply has been established. This is necessary because the digital output drive signals only assume their correct status approximately two seconds after RS card module power-up.

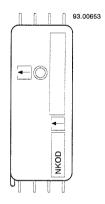
Terminals 5, 6 and 7 may be used for a hard-wired interlock circuit. The manual switch on the NKODH overrides the hard-wired interlock.

Terminal layout on module carrier



Indicators / Labelling

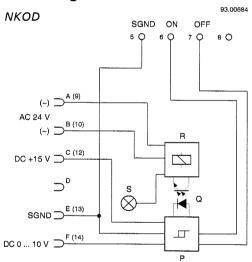
NKOD

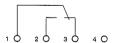


Output signal (green):

LED Off Contact 1 – 3 closed LED On Contact 1 – 2 closed

Block diagrams

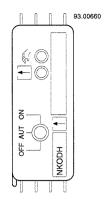




- 1 ... 4 Connection terminals for peripheral devices
- 5 ... 8 Hard-wired interlock
- A ... F Connection to terminal module carrier (9 ... 14: NTIO)
- P Input amplifier with power-on delay
- Q Opto-isolator
- R Relay
- S Output signal LED

Terminal modules

NKODH



[1] Output signal (green):

LED Off Contact 1 – 3 closed LED On Contact 1 – 2 closed

Manual override (red):

LED On Manual override ON

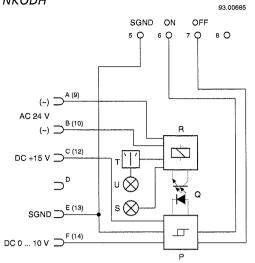
Manual switch:

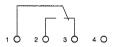
OFF Contact 1 – 3 closed

ON Contact 1 – 2 closed

AUT Controlled by RS controller

NKODH





1 ... 4 Connection terminals for peripheral devices

5 ... 8 Hard-wired interlock

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Q Opto-isolator

R Relay

S Output signal LED

T Manual switch

U Manual override LED

